United Nations S/2003/40/Add.12

Security Council

Distr.: General
4 April 2003

Original: English

Summary statement by the Secretary-General on matters of which the Security Council is seized and on the stage reached in their consideration

Addendum

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, the Secretary-General is submitting the following summary statement.

The list of items of which the Security Council is seized is contained in documents S/2003/40 of 14 February 2003, S/2003/40/Add.3 of 21 February 2003, S/2003/40/Add.4 of 24 February 2003 and S/2003/40/Add.11 of 28 March 2003.

During the week ending 29 March 2003, the Security Council took action on the following items:

The situation concerning Western Sahara (*see* S/11593/Add.42 and 44; S/19420/Add.38; S/21100/Add.25; S/22110/Add.17; S/23370; S/25070/Add.9; S/1994/20/Add.12, 29 and 45; S/1995/40/Add.1, 14, 20, 25, 37 and 50; S/1996/15/Add.21 and 47; S/1997/40/Add.11, 20, 39 and 42; S/1998/44/Add.4, 15, 29, 37, 43 and 50; S/1999/25/Add.3, 5, 12, 16, 18, 36 and 49; S/2000/40/Add.8, 21, 29, 42 and 43; S/2001/15/Add.9, 17, 26 and 48; S/2002/30/Add.8, 17 and 30; and S/2003/40/Add.4; *see also* S/2001/15/Add.47; S/2002/30/Add.8, 16 and 29; and S/2003/40/Add.3)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 4725th meeting, held on 25 March 2003 in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it a letter dated 19 March 2003 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/2003/341).

The President drew attention to a draft resolution (S/2003/360) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations.

The Security Council proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/2003/360, and adopted it unanimously as resolution 1469 (2003) (for the text, see S/RES/1469 (2003); to be issued in *Official Records of the Security Council, Resolutions and Decisions of the Security Council, 1 August 2002-31 July 2003*).

03-43628 (E) 280703

The situation between Iraq and Kuwait (*see* S/21100/Add.30-33, 36-38, 42, 43 and 47; S/22110/Add.6-9, 13, 14, 17, 20, 24, 25, 32, 37 and 40; S/23370/Add.8, 11, 28, 34 and 39; S/25070/Add.1, 2, 5, 21, 24 and Corr.1, 26 and 47; S/1994/20/Add.8, 39-41 and 45; S/1995/40/Add.14; S/1996/15/Add.11, 12, 23 and 33; S/1997/40/Add.15, 22-24, 36, 42, 43, 45, 48 and 51; S/1998/44/Add.2, 7, 9, 12, 19, 24, 36, 44, 47 and 50; S/1999/25/Add.19, 39, 45 and 47-49; S/2000/40/Add.11, 12, 22 and 48; S/2001/15/Add.22, 26, 27 and 48; S/2002/30/Add.19, 41, 44, 47 and 48; S/2003/40 and Add.4-7 and 9-11; *see also* S/23370/Add.10, 32, 35 and 47; S/2001/15/Add.40; and S/2002/30/Add.39)

By a letter dated 24 March 2003 addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/2003/362), the Permanent Representative of Iraq, in his capacity as the Chairman of the Group of Arab States for the month of March 2003 and on behalf of the States members of the League of Arab States with the reservation of the State of Kuwait, requested the convening of an urgent meeting of the Security Council "with regard to halting the American-British aggression and the immediate withdrawal of the invading forces outside the international boundaries of the Republic of Iraq and reconfirming Iraq's sovereignty, political independence and territorial integrity and preventing all States from interfering in its internal affairs".

By a letter dated 24 March 2003 addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/2003/363), the Permanent Representative of Malaysia, in his capacity as Chairman of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement, requested that the Security Council consider convening urgently an open debate on the situation between Iraq and Kuwait.

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 4726th meeting, held on 26 and 27 March 2003 in response to those requests, and at its 4732nd meeting, held on 28 March 2003. There was one suspension and one resumption of the 4726th meeting.

On 26 March 2003, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Albania, Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Belarus, Brazil, Canada, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, the Czech Republic, Egypt, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Georgia, Greece, Guatemala, Honduras, Iceland, India, Indonesia, the Islamic Republic of Iran, Iraq, Jamaica, Japan, Kuwait, the Lao People's Democratic Republic, Latvia, Lebanon, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Malaysia, the Marshall Islands, Mauritius, Micronesia (Federated States of), Mongolia, Morocco, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Norway, Poland, the Republic of Korea, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, Slovakia, South Africa, the Sudan, Switzerland, Thailand, the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, the United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Uzbekistan, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen and Zimbabwe, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

In response to the request contained in a letter dated 26 March 2003 from the Permanent Representative of the Syrian Arab Republic to the United Nations (S/2003/370), the President extended an invitation under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure to Yahya Mahmassani, Permanent Observer of the League of Arab States to the United Nations.

In response to the request contained in a letter dated 26 March 2003 from the Permanent Observer of Palestine to the United Nations (S/2003/372), the President,

in accordance with the rules of procedure and the previous practice in that regard, invited the Permanent Observer of Palestine to participate in the discussion.

In response to the request contained in a letter dated 26 March 2003 from the Permanent Representative of the Sudan to the United Nations (S/2003/371), the President extended an invitation under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure to Mokhtar Lamani, Permanent Observer of the Organization of the Islamic Conference to the United Nations.

The meeting was suspended.

Upon the resumption of the meeting on 27 March 2003, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of the Dominican Republic, Jordan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Slovenia, Sri Lanka and Timor-Leste, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

At the 4732nd meeting, the President drew attention to a draft resolution (S/2003/381) submitted by Angola, Bulgaria, Cameroon, Chile, China, France, Germany, Guinea, Mexico, Pakistan, the Russian Federation, Spain, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America.

The Security Council proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/2003/381, and adopted it unanimously as resolution 1472 (2003) (for the text, see S/RES/1472 (2003); to be issued in *Official Records of the Security Council, Resolutions and Decisions of the Security Council, 1 August 2002-31 July 2003*).

The situation in Afghanistan (*see* S/1994/20/Add.3, 11, 31 and 47; S/1996/15/Add.6, 14, 38, 41 and 42; S/1997/40/Add.15, 27 and 50; S/1998/44/Add.14, 28, 31, 34, 37 and 49; S/1999/25/Add.33, 40 and 41; S/2000/40/Add.13 and 50; S/2001/15/Add.23, 31, 46, 49 and 51; S/2002/30/Add.2, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 16, 20, 24, 25, 28, 37, 43, 47, 49 and 51; and S/2003/40/Add.4 and 8; *see also* S/19420/Add.44; S/20370/Add.14-16; and S/21100/Add.1)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 4727th and 4730th meetings, held on 27 and 28 March 2003, respectively, in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it the report of the Secretary-General (S/2003/333).

At the 4727th meeting, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Afghanistan, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

In accordance with the understanding reached in the Council's prior consultations, the President, with the consent of the Council, extended an invitation under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure to Hédi Annabi, Assistant Secretary-General for Peacekeeping Operations.

At the 4730th meeting, the President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Afghanistan, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to a draft resolution (S/2003/380) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations.

The Security Council proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/2003/380, and adopted it unanimously as resolution 1471 (2003) (for the text, see S/RES/1471

(2003); to be issued in *Official Records of the Security Council, Resolutions and Decisions of the Security Council, 1 August 2002-31 July 2003*).

Letter dated 31 March 1998 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Papua New Guinea to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (*see* S/1998/44/Add.16; and S/2002/30/Add.46)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 4728th meeting, held on 28 March 2003 in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Political Office in Bougainville (S/2003/345).

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representatives of Australia, Fiji, Japan, New Zealand and Papua New Guinea, at their request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

In accordance with the understanding reached in the Council's prior consultations, the President, with the consent of the Council, extended an invitation under rule 39 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure to Danilo Türk, Assistant Secretary-General for Political Affairs.

The situation in Sierra Leone (*see* S/1995/40/Add.47; S/1996/15/Add.6, 11 and 48; S/1997/40/Add.21, 27, 31, 40 and 45; S/1998/44/Add.8, 11, 15, 20, 22, 28 and 50; S/1999/25 and Add.1, 9, 18, 22, 32, 41 and 48; S/2000/40/Add.5, 10, 17-19, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 35, 37, 43 and 50; S/2001/15/Add.4, 13, 26, 38 and 51; and S/2002/30/Add.2, 12, 20, 27, 38 and 48; *see also* S/2001/15/Add.7, 10, 20 and 37; S/2002/30/Add.11 and 37; and S/2003/40/Add.11)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 4729th meeting, held on 28 March 2003 in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it the seventeenth report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Mission in Sierra Leone (S/2003/321 and Corr.1).

The President, with the consent of the Council, invited the representative of Sierra Leone, at his request, to participate in the discussion without the right to vote.

The President drew attention to a draft resolution (S/2003/375) that had been prepared in the course of the Council's prior consultations.

The Security Council proceeded to vote on draft resolution S/2003/375, and adopted it unanimously as resolution 1470 (2003) (for the text, see S/RES/1470 (2003); to be issued in *Official Records of the Security Council, Resolutions and Decisions of the Security Council, 1 August 2002-31 July 2003*).

International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994 (*see* S/1998/44/Add.28, 33 and 39; S/1999/25/Add.19; S/2001/15/Add.13; and S/2002/30/Add.32, 40 and 49; *see also* S/25070/Add.10, 25, 36, 40 and 51; S/1994/20/Add.6, 13, 15, 16, 19, 22, 24, 25, 27, 31, 40, 44, 47 and 49; S/1995/40/Add.5, 7, 8, 16, 22, 28, 32, 33, 35, 41, 48 and 49; S/1996/15/Add.8; S/1998/44/Add.39; S/1999/25/Add.31 and 44; S/2000/40/Add.14, 46 and 47; S/2001/15/Add.48; and S/2002/30/Add.19, 43 and 50)

The Security Council resumed its consideration of the item at its 4731st meeting, held on 28 March 2003 in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations, having before it a letter dated 6 March 2003 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/2003/290).

The Security Council took note of the information contained in the aforementioned letter and decided to extend the deadline for nominations of ad litem judges of the International Tribunal for Rwanda until 15 April 2003 and to inform the Secretary-General accordingly (see S/2003/382).